

General maintenance

Precautions

- Ensure that the vehicle is securely supported before working underneath it. Chock a front wheel and apply the handbrake.
- Whenever possible use a suitable wheel-free lift when working beneath the vehicle. If a jack is used to support the vehicle, use axle stands carefully placed at the jacking points to provide a rigid support. Only use jacking equipment at the designed lifting points.
- Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided when volatile degreasing agents are being used.
- Never use volatile cleaning fluids under a vehicle standing over a pit. Many such fluids give off vapours which are heavier than air and dangerous to inhale.

- Wear protective overalls, ensure loose clothing (ties, etc.) are removed or covered when working adjacent to moving components (fan belts, etc.).
- Do not leave opened containers of oil, fuel, etc., about the work area. Always refit caps/seals to partially used containers when storing them for later use.
- Do not leave tools, equipment, spilt oil, etc., around or on the work area.
- Place a fire extinguisher close to the vehicle and disconnect the negative battery terminal.

Note: On battery reconnection, the radio code will be required, the clock must be reset and the electrically operated door windows reset to restore the anti-trap feature.

- Do not use a naked flame to provide illumination, especially under the vehicle, or in the engine and luggage compartments. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.
- Do not apply heat in an attempt to free nuts or fittings. This will damage protective coatings and there is a risk of damage to electronic equipment and brake and fuel lines from conducted heat.
- Inspect power leads of any mains electrical equipment for damage, and check that it is properly earthed.

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General precautions against damage

- When working in the engine compartment protect the exterior paintwork by using suitable covers over the wings and scuttle.
- To prevent soiling the interior, carry out jobs requiring access to the passenger or luggage compartments first. If a job involves access to the interior in the course of other work, prevent the transfer of oil and grease to the interior by using seat and carpet covers and wearing clean overalls and gloves. If protective seat covers have been used they must be removed before the vehicle is driven on the public highway to ensure that, if needed, the side airbags can properly deploy.
- Always use a recommended service tool, where specified.
- Avoid spilling hydraulic fluid or battery acid on paintwork. Wash off with water immediately if this occurs.

Battery/ignition isolator switches

Non-approved battery isolator switches, which disconnect the power supply to all electrical circuits, are not recommended.

Used Engine Oil



WARNING:
Prolonged and repeated contact may cause serious skin disorders, including dermatitis and cancer.

Always use a hand cream to protect the skin from oil contamination. Avoid contact with the skin as far as possible and wash thoroughly after any contact. Keep oils out of reach of children.

PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT: It is illegal to pollute drains, watercourses and soil. Use authorised waste collection facilities, including civic amenity sites and garages providing facilities for the disposal of used oil, oil filters and batteries. If in doubt, contact your Local Authority for advice on disposal.

Engine and throttle settings

Do not attempt to make adjustments to the engine or throttle settings. Many vehicle systems are controlled by complex electronic devices and require specialist knowledge. Such work should be entrusted to a Jaguar Dealer.

Hydraulic fluid

The brake hydraulic fluid in the master cylinder and brake operating system uses non-mineral polyglycol based brake fluid with a minimum standard of JAGUAR SUPER DOT 4. ONLY FLUID OF THIS TYPE AND STANDARD MAY BE USED.



WARNING:
Contamination of the brake system fluid by as little as 1 per cent will cause rapid deterioration of the system seals. Ensure that the brake fluid reservoir cap is securely fitted.

Bonnet release



WARNING:

Take care to keep away from rotating components if the engine is running when you open the bonnet.

Release the bonnet lock by pulling the lever below the fascia on the driver's side of the vehicle.

Lift the bonnet slightly and pull up the safety catch under the bonnet, located centrally behind the grille. The gas filled struts will assist raising the bonnet, and retain it in the fully open position.

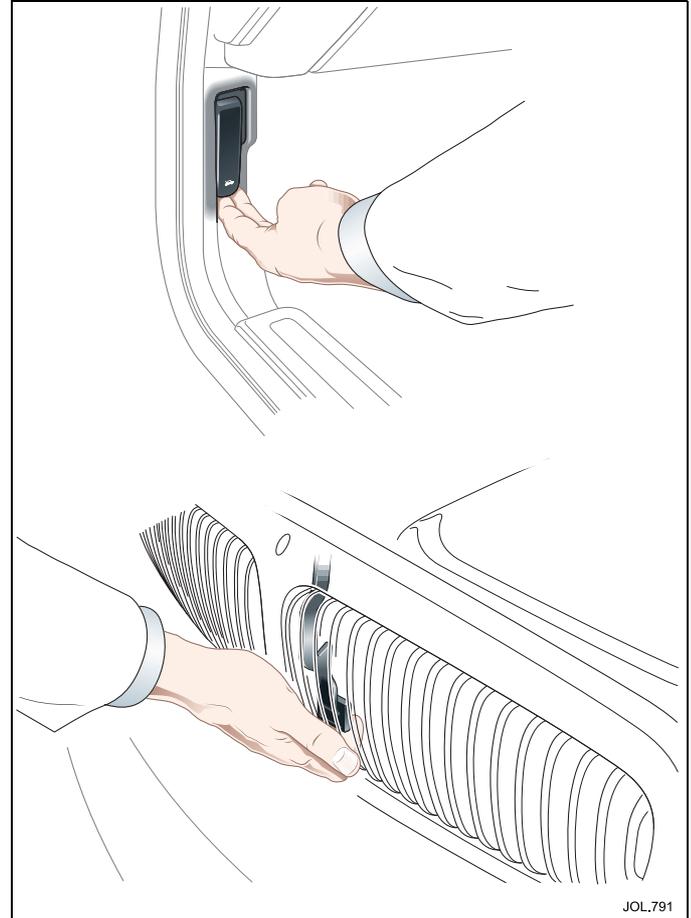


WARNING:

Before closing the bonnet ensure that no one is obstructing the closing area and that hands and clothes are clear. Remove tools, cleaning cloths, etc., from the engine compartment.

Bonnet closing

Close the bonnet to within a distance of 10 to 12 inches (250 to 300 mm) of the fully closed position, then let go to allow the bonnet to shut. Check by pulling the bonnet that both the right-hand and left-hand latches are engaged.



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Regular checks

In the interests of safety and reliability, it is advisable to carry out the following checks at the recommended intervals, and always before starting on a long journey.

Daily

Check that there is sufficient fuel for the journey intended, particularly at night and before entering motorways.

Weekly

Tyres – Check the tyres, including the spare, for condition and pressure. Tyre pressures are shown inside the front cover of this handbook.

Lights – Check that all exterior lights and direction indicators function correctly and that the lenses are clean.

Engine oil – With the vehicle standing on level ground, check the oil level and replenish if necessary with oil of the correct grade.

Engine coolant – With the engine cold, check the level of the coolant in the coolant reservoir header tank. Any loss of fluid must be checked by a Jaguar Dealer.

Brake/clutch fluid – Check the level of the fluid in the brake fluid reservoir. Replenish if necessary with new, unused Jaguar approved brake fluid.

The reservoir is initially nearly full, but the level will drop as the brake pads wear. If the level appears unusually low, location of the fluid leakage must be checked by a Jaguar Dealer.

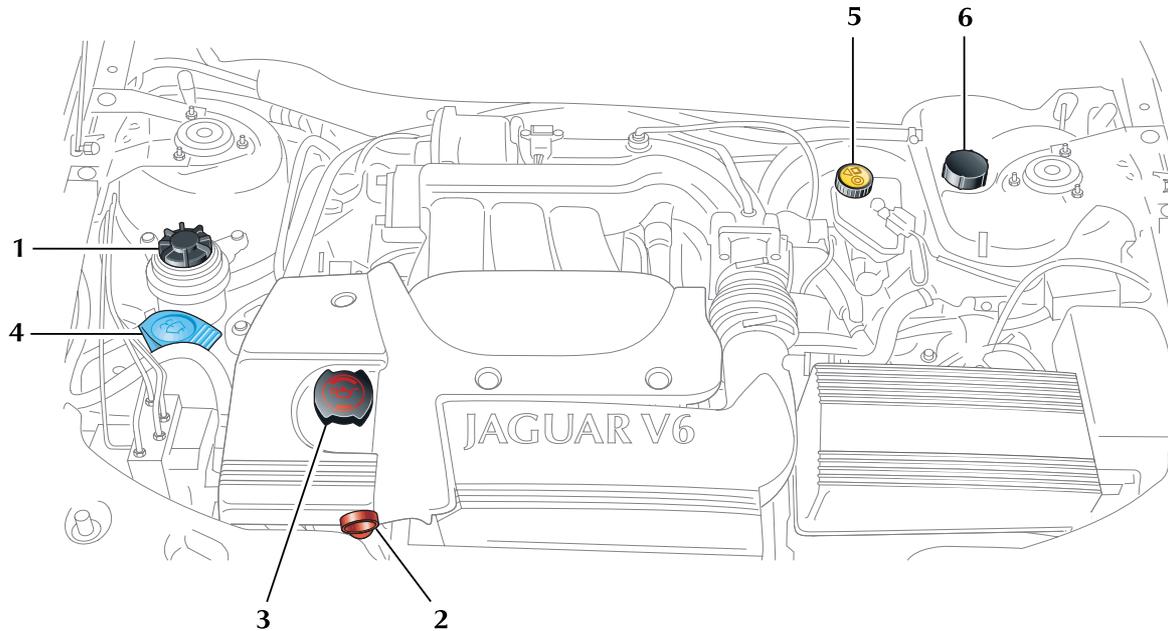
Power steering fluid – With the engine cold check the level of the fluid in the power steering fluid reservoir. Replenish if necessary with fluid of the correct specification. Any loss of fluid should be checked by a Jaguar Dealer.

Monthly

Windscreen washer fluid – Replenish with recommended windscreen washer fluid and clean soft water. Check the operation of the washer. Use Jaguar Windscreen Washer Fluid to keep the glass clean and also to prevent the fluid from freezing during cold weather.

Wiper blades – Check the quality of the wipe. If smearing or juddering is evident, clean the windscreen and renew the wiper blades.

Reservoir and dipstick locations



1. Power steering reservoir
2. Engine oil dipstick
3. Engine oil filler

4. Windscreen wash reservoir
5. Brake/clutch reservoir
6. Coolant reservoir

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Checking and replenishment

Check engine oil level

Check the oil level regularly with the vehicle on flat, level ground.

Refer to page 7-5 for dipstick and oil filler locations.

It is preferable to check the oil level after the vehicle has been standing, that is, with the engine completely cold.

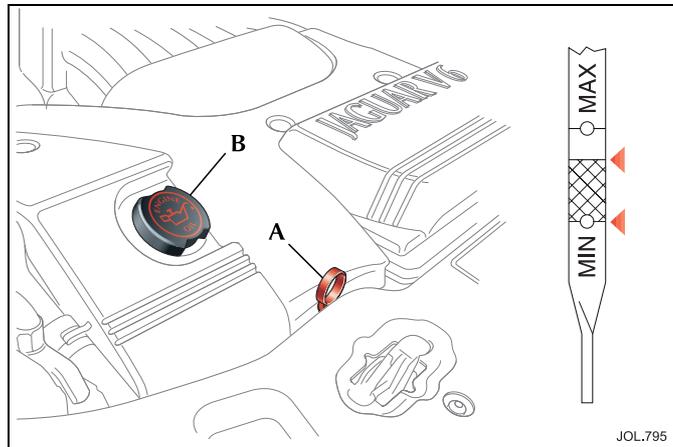
If the engine has been started do not check the oil level until the engine has reached normal operating temperature. Stop the engine and wait for a minimum of 5 minutes to allow the oil to drain back into the sump.

Remove the dipstick (A) and wipe clean with a non-fluffy cloth. Replace fully, then withdraw the dipstick. If the oil level is above the lower of the two dots on the dipstick then no additional oil is required.

If the oil level reaches the lower of the two dots, remove the oil filler cap (B) and add oil, to the quantity and specification shown on the next page.

Refit the filler cap and hand tighten securely.

Caution: Do not use oil additives of any type. Use only specified lubricants.



Recommended engine oil

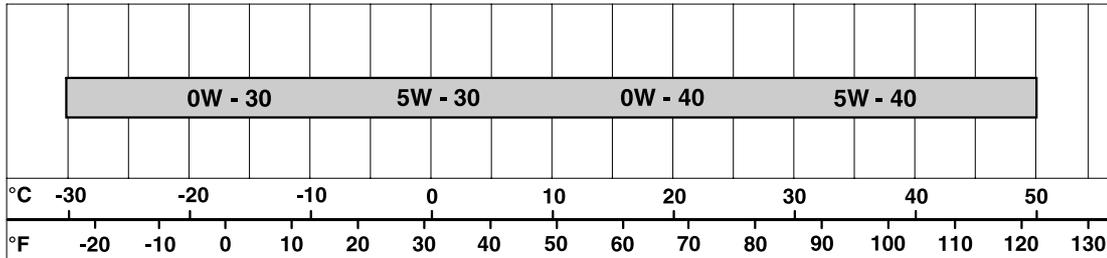
When the oil level is at the lower dipstick mark, add 1.0 litres of oil:

Oil specification – API SJ / EC and ACEA A1-98 or A3-98.

Note: Jaguar does not approve the use of synthetic engine oil in the V6 engine.

SAE Viscosity Rating

Recommended SAE Viscosity Range / Ambient Temperature Scale



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Check power steering fluid level

Caution: It is imperative that the power steering system does not become contaminated in any way. Always dispense fluid from a fresh sealed container and clean the area around the reservoir neck both before and after replenishment. Never return drained fluid to the system.

Refer to page 7-5 for power steering fluid reservoir location.

Check the fluid level when the engine is 'COLD' and the vehicle is on a flat, level surface.

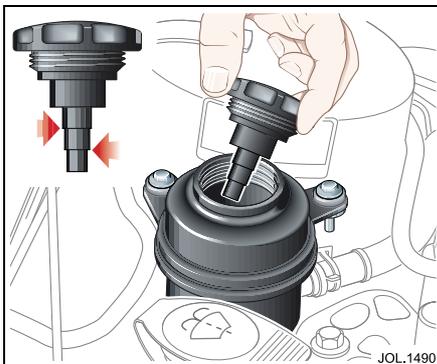
Wipe clean and remove the filler cap from the reservoir; take great care to prevent any foreign matter from entering.

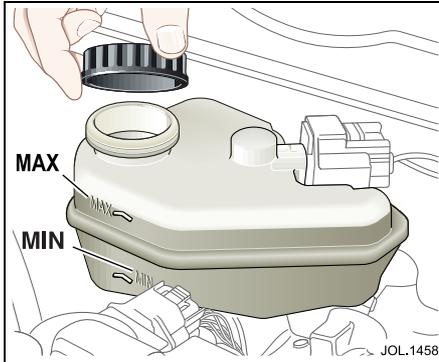
Check that the fluid level is between the marks on the dipstick.

If necessary, replenish with power steering fluid to specification **Dexron IIE**, DO NOT OVERFILL.

Refit the filler cap.

Should the level be very low, report the loss of fluid to the nearest Jaguar Dealer.





Check brake/clutch fluid reservoir

The manual transmission clutch fluid is shared with the brake fluid in a common reservoir.



WARNING:

The fluid level will drop as the brake pads wear. If the level is very low report the loss of fluid to the nearest Jaguar Dealer. Do not drive the vehicle until the cause is rectified.

Caution:

1. While handling brake fluid, take extreme care; brake fluid must not contact the vehicle paintwork.
2. Always use fresh, clean fluid from a new container. Never introduce used brake fluid into the system.

Refer to page 7-5 for brake/clutch fluid reservoir location.

The fluid is visible through the translucent casing of the reservoir and must be maintained at the 'MAX' mark.

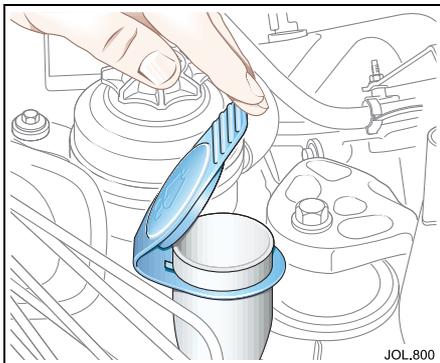
If necessary, replenish as follows:

Before removing the cap, clean the reservoir and cap thoroughly with a non-fluffy cloth to ensure that no foreign matter enters the reservoir.

Unscrew the filler cap and replenish to the 'MAX' level using brake fluid to specification **Jaguar Super DOT 4 (ESA-M6C25-A)**.

Refit the filler cap securely.

To avoid contamination should any brake fluid be spilt, replace the cap on the reservoir before cleaning the spilt fluid from the vehicle.



Check windscreen washer reservoir

Refer to page 7-5 for windscreen washer reservoir location.

The washer reservoir contains the fluid for the windscreen washers and the headlamp powerwash system (where fitted).

Fill to just below the neck with Jaguar Windscreen Washer Fluid diluted with clean, preferably soft water as specified in the instructions on the bottle.

Do not over-fill.

Note: Using a non-approved fluid may adversely affect the wiper blade rubber, resulting in ineffectual and noisy wiping.

Cold weather precautions

To prevent damage to the pump during freezing conditions, use Jaguar Windscreen Washer Fluid at the strength shown on the bottle, for the anticipated ambient temperature.

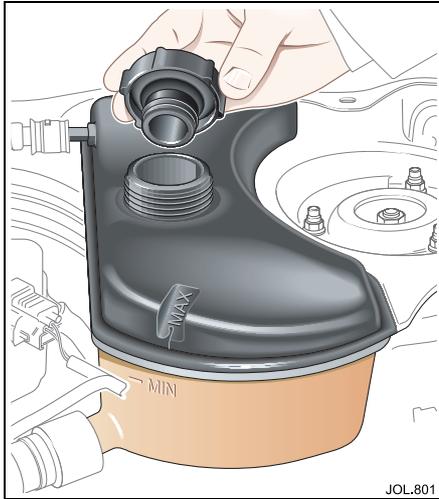


WARNING:

Windscreen washer fluid is toxic and in concentrated form is flammable.

Be sure to observe all warnings indicated on the washer solution container.

Under no circumstances must cooling system antifreeze be used, since this will damage the paintwork.



Check coolant level

The coolant level must only be checked when the engine is COLD.

Refer to page 7-5 for coolant header tank location.



WARNING:

Do not remove the coolant header tank filler/pressure cap while the engine is hot. If the cap must be removed, protect the hands against escaping steam and slowly turn the cap anti-clockwise until the steam pressure starts to escape. Leave the cap in this position until the pressure is released, and then remove the cap completely.

The coolant level should be between the two marks located on the side of the header tank. If persistent coolant loss is noticed, report this to a Jaguar Dealer to have the cause investigated at the earliest opportunity.

Replenishing



WARNING:

Do not allow anti-freeze to make contact with skin or eyes. If this should happen, rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water.

Caution: Anti-freeze will damage paintwork. Avoid spillage.

Replenish with the correct strength anti-freeze and water, (see next page), until the coolant is within the 'max' and 'min' marks on the header tank.

Refit the filler cap and hand tighten securely until the ratchet operates.

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Engine anti-freeze

Anti-freeze, when used at the correct concentration, not only protects the engine from frost damage in winter, it also provides all year round protection against internal corrosion.

The cooling system should be filled or replenished with a mixture of 50 per cent water and 50 per cent antifreeze, conforming to specification:

WSS M97B44, coloured orange, Extended Life Coolant.

This mixture gives frost protection for temperatures down to -40°F (-40°C).

Do not mix any other anti-freeze with that specified; inferior quality anti-freeze may be ineffective in maintaining adequate frost and corrosion protection to the cooling system.

The coolant solution may remain in the cooling system for five years or 156,000 miles (250,000 km) after which the system should be drained, flushed and refilled.

Engine block heater

For further information consult your Jaguar Dealer.

Caution: The fitting of an engine block heater does not eliminate the need for antifreeze under freezing conditions.

Capacities

	Litres	Imperial Pints
Engine oil change (2.0L, 2.5L, 3.0L) including new oil filter	5,8	10.2
The rear axle (final drive unit), transfer box and automatic and manual transmission units (gearboxes) will not normally require to be checked or replenished.		
Cooling system, including reservoir and climate control	8,0	14.1
Windscreen washer reservoir:		
– without headlamp powerwash	2,5	4.4
– with headlamp powerwash	6,0	10.5
	Litres	Imperial Gallons
Fuel Tank		
Fuel tank capacity	61,5	13.5

Battery

A low maintenance battery specifically designed for use with this vehicle is fitted in the engine compartment.



WARNING:

- 1. The cell plugs and vent pipe must be in place at all times when the battery is in the vehicle. Failure to fit, or incorrect fitting of these items is potentially hazardous.**
- 2. To avoid injury do not use an open flame or cause an electric spark when checking the battery. Hydrogen gas generated by the battery is flammable and may explode.**
- 3. Do not connect any 12 volt equipment, (for example, a 12 volt lead lamp), directly to the battery terminals. Use the cigar lighter sockets for temporarily connecting Jaguar approved accessories.**

- 4. Do not let battery acid electrolyte come into contact with skin or eyes. If you get any in your eyes or on your skin, immediately rinse with cold water and consult a doctor.**

Caution:

- 1. Switch off ignition before disconnecting battery terminals. Always disconnect the earth terminal first and reconnect last.**
- 2. Do not let battery acid come into contact with painted surfaces or fabric.**

The exterior of the battery should be occasionally wiped clean to remove any dirt or grease.

If a new battery is to be fitted, it must be the same type as the original.

The use of unapproved batteries is not recommended and could invalidate the vehicle warranty.

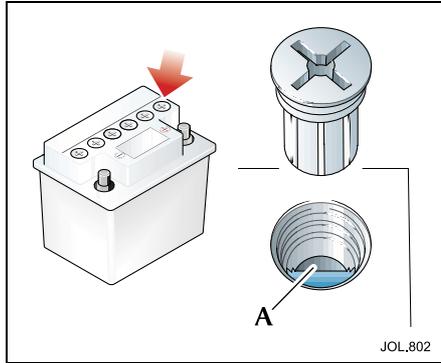
Note: The service life of the battery is dependent on its condition of charge. It must always be sufficiently charged for the battery to last an optimum length of time.

We recommend that the battery charge is checked frequently if the vehicle is used mostly for short distance trips, or if it is not used for long periods of time.

Alternator

To prevent damage to the alternator, do not run the engine while the battery or any of the charging circuit cables are disconnected.

The alternator has polarity-sensitive components that may be irreparably damaged if subjected to incorrect polarity. Ensure that the battery earth lead is always connected to the battery negative terminal.



Check/replenish battery electrolyte

Note: In normal climates this must be carried out at least once a year. In hot weather/climates the electrolyte level must be checked at least every three months.

Open the bonnet and remove the battery cover.

Unscrew the six cell plugs. Check that the electrolyte is level with the plastic level indicator (A). If necessary, replenish with distilled water but do not overfill.

If illumination is required, use a hand-held flashlight to inspect the electrolyte level.

Refit the six cell plugs and refit the battery cover.

Battery charging



WARNING:

Batteries produce combustible gas (hydrogen) when being charged. The battery must be removed from the vehicle before charging commences.

To disconnect the battery, refer to **Battery lead disconnection** on the next page.

When charging the battery ensure that the charge voltage is the same as the nominal voltage of the battery.

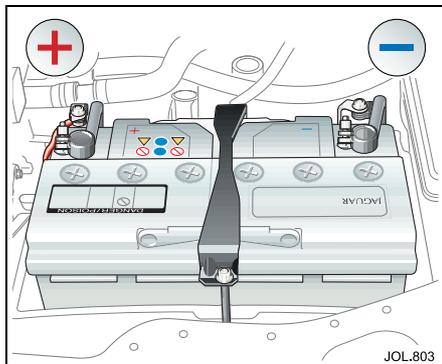
Switch off the charger before connecting or disconnecting terminal connections to avoid sparks and short circuits.

Ensure that the charger positive (+) lead is connected to the positive (+) terminal of the battery and the negative (-) lead is connected to the negative (-) terminal of the battery.

Do not remove or loosen any of the cell plugs when charging the battery.

Check, and if necessary replenish, the electrolyte level when the battery is fully charged.

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Battery lead disconnection

Note:

- Upon battery lead reconnection the radio security code will be required and the clock will need to be reset.
- Electrically operated door windows must be reset to learn the anti-trap function.
- If the battery is disconnected for more than 72 hours the radio preset channels will need to be reset upon battery reconnection.
- The trip computer will lose all recorded trip data and all trip functions will be reset to zero. The vehicle total odometer reading is retained.

Caution:

1. Under no circumstances should a battery be disconnected whilst the ignition circuit is live, as permanent damage to the instrument cluster may occur.
2. Disconnect the negative lead (earth terminal) first.

Open the bonnet and unclip the battery box cover.

Slacken the negative lead pinch bolt and disconnect the negative (-) battery lead. Slacken the positive lead pinch bolt and disconnect the positive (+) battery lead.

Clean the battery posts and coat the post bases with petroleum jelly.

Battery lead connection

Note: Upon battery reconnection the security system will be armed. Opening any protected entry will sound the alarm. Make sure that a key or key transmitter is available.

Caution: Do not overtighten the pinch bolts.

Connect the positive (+) lead, tighten the pinch bolt and clip the positive terminal cover on the battery. Connect the negative (-) lead and tighten the pinch bolt.

After the battery has been reconnected and the ignition switch is turned to position 'II', the message centre display, if fitted, will initially show an erroneous reading i.e. -----. This will remain until after the bulb check sequence, when the correct recorded mileage will be displayed. This is a normal function of the instrument cluster.

Note: When the battery is disconnected and reconnected, some abnormal drive symptoms may occur while the vehicle relearns it's adaptive strategy. The vehicle may need to be driven 10 miles (16 kilometres) or more to relearn the strategy.

Reset the clock to the correct time.

The radio will not operate until the correct security code has been re-entered. Refer to the Audio System Handbook.

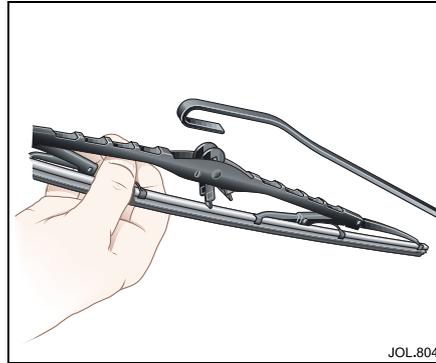
Reset the window anti-trap feature.

Windscreen wipers

Note:

1. The wiper blades will be renewed at every service interval.
2. Use Jaguar Screen Clean Paste to remove contamination from the windscreen to ensure effective wiping or if smearing or juddering becomes evident. A more aggressive cleaning agent may be required to remove stubborn contamination. Contact a Jaguar Dealer for advice.

To ensure that the windscreen remains smear free, the washer system should be operated whenever the wiper is used, even when it is raining.



Windscreen wiper blades – inspect and clean

Lift the wiper blades clear of the windscreen and wipe the blades with a clean, soft cloth moistened with water to which a mild liquid detergent has been added.

Inspect the wiper blades, and if there any signs of wear or damage; renew the blades.

Renew the wiper blades before and after each winter, or more often if required.

Wiper blade renewal

Move the wiper arm away from the windscreen, squeeze the retaining clip and withdraw the wiper blade from the arm. After fitting the new blade, check that it is held firmly in position. Reposition the wiper arm and blade onto the screen.

Windscreen washers

Two windscreen washer nozzles are mounted on the bonnet. Each nozzle directs two spray patterns to the windscreen.

Note: The windscreen wiper jets and headlamp washer jets are not adjustable.

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Tyres

Tyres of the correct type, manufacturer and dimensions, with correct cold inflation pressures are an integral part of every vehicle's design. Regular maintenance of tyres contributes not only to safety, but to the designed function of the vehicle. Road-holding, steering and braking are especially vulnerable to incorrectly pressurised, badly fitted or worn tyres.

Tyres of the correct size and type, but of different make have widely varying characteristics. It is therefore recommended that Jaguar approved tyres are fitted to all wheels.

Do not interchange tyres from side to side, front to rear or vice versa as tyre wear produces characteristic patterns depending upon their position and, if the position is changed after wear has occurred, the performance of the tyre will be adversely affected.

A tyre recommendation placard is placed on the inside of the fuel filler flap, giving information specific to the vehicle's wheel and tyre equipment.

Always ensure that the wheel nuts are fully seated before finally tightening the nuts in alternate sequence.

Tyre renewal

When renewal of tyres is necessary it is preferable to fit a complete vehicle set. Should either front or rear tyres only show need for renewal, new tyres must be fitted, as axle sets, to replace worn ones.

Note: After new tyres have been fitted the wheels need to be dynamically balanced.

The radial ply tyres specified are designed to meet the high-speed performance capability of this vehicle.

Do not fit tyres with a different tread pattern, size or speed rating.

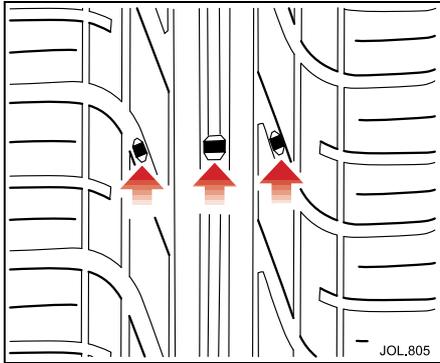
Tyre pressures

The tyre pressures recommended (see Section 8) provide optimum ride and handling characteristics for all normal operating conditions. The pressures should be checked, and correctly set, if necessary, once per week. This should be done with the tyres cold. Tyre temperatures and pressures increase when running.

Deflating a warm tyre to the recommended pressure will result in under-inflation which may be dangerous.

A slight natural pressure loss occurs with time. If this exceeds 2 lbf/in² (14 kPa, 0,14 bar, 0,14 kg/cm²) per week, the cause should be investigated and rectified.

It is an offence in certain countries to drive a vehicle with tyres that are not inflated in accordance with the vehicle's proper use.



Wear

All tyres fitted as original equipment include tread wear indicators (TWI) in their tread pattern. When the tread has worn to a remaining depth of 1,6 mm the indicators appear at the surface as bars which connect the tread pattern across the full width of the tyre.

It is illegal, in certain countries, to continue to use tyres after the tread has worn to less than 1,6 mm over three quarters of the width and the entire circumference of the tyre.

It should be noted that the properties of many tyres alter progressively with wear. In particular the 'wet grip' and aquaplaning resistance are gradually but substantially reduced. Extra care and speed restriction should therefore be exercised on wet roads as the effective tread depth diminishes.

Incorrect wheel alignment will accelerate tyre wear. Fins on the inner or outer edges of the tread pattern are caused by excessive toe-in or toe-out respectively. As fins may also be caused by high cornering speeds or road camber, it is advantageous to have the cause detected by having the wheel alignment checked.

Tyre repair

It is recommended that damaged tyres are discarded and new tyres fitted. They must not be repaired in view of the high performance capability of the vehicle.

Damage

Excessive local distortion can cause the casing of a tyre to fracture and may lead to premature failure. Tyres should be examined especially for cracked walls, exposed cords, etc. Flints and other sharp objects must be removed from the tyre tread; if left in they may work through the cover. Clean off any oil or grease contamination by using a suitable cleaner.

Caution: Do not use paraffin (kerosene), because this has a detrimental effect on rubber.

Tyre use after vehicle storage

After a long period of a vehicle standing, tyres may become locally distorted with a flat area. This will cause an uneven ride for a few miles until the tyres have warmed up and the 'flat' rounds off.

However, to reduce the effects of flat-spots, the tyres of a stored vehicle may be inflated to pressures not exceeding 50 lbf/in² (343 kPa, 3,4 bar, 3,5 kg/cm²).

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Winter (snow) tyres

The tyres fitted as original equipment are designed with a rubber compound, tread pattern and width specially suited for high speeds in normal road conditions, but they are less suitable during extremes of low temperatures, snow and ice. The use of winter tyres will considerably improve the vehicle's handling during these conditions.

It is recommended that only Jaguar approved winter tyres are used, as follows:

Pirelli 205/55R 16

or

Continental 205/55R 16

Pirelli 225/45R 17

Tyre directional indicators must be rotating in a clockwise direction when viewed from the right-hand side of the vehicle, and anti-clockwise when viewed from the left-hand side of the vehicle.

Do not exceed 130 mph (210 km/h) when using Jaguar approved winter tyres.

Winter tyres must be used in vehicle sets, that is, fitted on all four wheels.

If non-Jaguar approved winter tyres are fitted, refer to the tyre pressure information in Section 8.

Snow chains

Snow chains, of the recommended type, may only be fitted to 16 inch front wheels.

Caution: Snow chains must not be fitted to 17 inch wheels.

Contact your Jaguar Dealer for details and availability of approved snow chains.

The maximum speed when using snow chains is 30 mph (48 km/h).

Remove the snow chains immediately the roads are clear of snow.

Ensure the fitting instructions supplied with the snow chains are kept in a safe place, for example, with this literature pack.

Note: Traction control or (if fitted) Dynamic Stability Control, **MUST** be switched **OFF** when using snow chains.

Vehicle care

Valet kit

A valet kit containing a selection of Car Care products is available from the Jaguar accessory range.

Interior care

Brush and clean the interior regularly. Use a vacuum cleaner where possible to remove all dust from the interior and trim.

Carpets

Marks or stains can be removed by gentle scrubbing with a weak solution of soap and warm water.

For more stubborn stains a commercially available carpet cleaner should be used. See your Jaguar Dealer for advice.

Headlining

Remove dust in the headlining with a vacuum cleaner. To remove stains, dab gently without pressing, using a fluff-free white cloth, moistened with Jaguar Upholstery Cleaner.

Do not use methylated spirit or solvents as this may cause damage or discoloration to the headlining.

Leather upholstery

Dust and dirt can penetrate the pores and creases of leather, causing surface wear and brittleness. To prevent ingrained dirt, inspect the seat upholstery regularly and clean every one to two months as follows:

- Wipe the seat surfaces with a clean, damp, non-coloured cloth, changing frequently to a clean area of cloth. Avoid over-wetting.
- If this is not sufficient, use a cloth which has been dampened with warm soapy water and then wrung out; avoid over-wetting. Use only mild non-caustic soap.
- Use Jaguar Leather Cleaner for heavily soiled areas.
- Dry off and rub with a clean soft cloth, changing surfaces regularly.

When staining (e.g. from clothing) or spillages occur, clean the affected area immediately as described above.

Note: Do not use solvents such as petrol (gasoline), white spirit or alcohol. Do not use detergents, furniture polish or household cleaners. Although such treatments may give, initially, an impressive appearance, their use will lead to rapid damage or deterioration of the leather, and will not be covered by the Manufacturer's Warranty. Unless spillages

such as tea, coffee or ink are washed away immediately, permanent staining may have to be accepted.

If a valeting service is used, ensure that the specialist firm concerned are aware of, and follow these instructions precisely.

Cloth upholstery

Weekly light vacuuming can extend the life of the fabric.

Using Jaguar Upholstery Cleaner, following the instructions, will preserve and enhance cloth upholstery. Test the upholstery cleaner solution on an unseen part of the seat. Do not over wet.

Caution:

1. **Never use soap, ammonia, bleach or other cleaners intended for use on hard surfaces.**
2. **Do not use upholstery cleaner on electrical equipment such as fascia switches.**

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Removing stains

Most stains on woollen fabric can be removed if treatment is carried out immediately, before the stain has a chance to 'dry-in'.

Keep the necessary cleaning materials in a convenient place.

Most stains can be treated with one of three cleaning fluids: Jaguar Upholstery Cleaner, dry cleaning fluid or clean water.

Mop up excess liquid with absorbent tissue (preferably white) or absorbent cloth; scoop up dry solids. Work inwards from the edge of the stain to prevent spreading. Use small amounts of cleaning liquid, blotting between applications.

Work slowly and thoroughly using light pressure. If the stain cannot be removed, contact a reputable dry cleaners.



WARNING:

Dry Cleaning Fluids may be toxic or flammable. Take adequate precautions when handling these products.

Exterior care

Note: All the cleaning materials mentioned in this section are available from the Jaguar Accessory Range.

Washing

For best results, do not wash the vehicle under strong sunlight. Always allow the vehicle to cool down before washing.

Do not use a dry cloth to wipe dirty paintwork. Dust and gritty substances are abrasive and will scratch the paintwork. Remove dirt using a cellulose sponge and plenty of warm (never hot) water. Rinse off with clean water and dry using a clean, damp chamois leather.

Do not use household soaps or detergents. The use of Jaguar Vehicle Shampoo is recommended.

Do not direct hoses at full force around door and luggage compartment seals. Using high pressure water jets on the paintwork is not recommended.

Do not allow bird droppings or tree sap to harden. Remove from paintwork immediately with a lukewarm soap and water solution.

In winter, when salt is used on the roads, wash the vehicle frequently, and immediately after encountering such conditions. Clean undersides and wheel arches using a high pressure jet.

Automatic car wash

Note: Regular use of automatic car washes tends to dull the lustre of the paintwork.

After leaving the car wash, switch on the windscreen wiper immediately to remove water and prevent a build up of wax. Jaguar Screen Clean Paste can be used to clean any residual wax from the glass.

Removing grease or tar

Remove grease or tar with Jaguar Tar Remover or methylated spirit (alcohol). White spirit is also effective, but must not be applied to rubber, particularly the windscreen wiper blade.

Glass surfaces

To avoid scratching glass surfaces, do not clean dirty glass with dry paper or cloth. Use clean, warm water and a chamois leather which is reserved for glass only.

The following products will ensure glass surfaces and windscreen wipers are kept in good condition:

Jaguar Screen Clean Paste – Apply to the exterior of the windscreen only to ensure effective operation of the windscreen wiper.

Jaguar Glass Cleaner – Interior and exterior of all other glass surfaces.

Jaguar Screen Wash – Washer reservoir additive.

Jaguar Winter Care Kit comprising de-icer, ice scraper, anti-mist wipe cloth and aerial cleaner – for use in adverse weather conditions.

Note:

1. Renew the wiper blades when worn to prevent scratching. Clean the rubber wiper blades regularly with a mild detergent solution.
2. It is advisable to clean the windscreen with Jaguar Screen Clean Paste at regular intervals.

Cleaning the rear screen

To avoid damaging the heating and radio elements when cleaning the inside of the rear screen use only a soft damp cloth or chamois leather. Do not use solvents or sharp objects to clean the glass.

Polishing paintwork and chromium plating

For maximum protection against road dust, salts, industrial fall-out etc., it is recommended that the vehicle is polished regularly using Jaguar Polish, Chrome Polish and a Polishing Cloth.

Paint chips

Scratches and chips should be touched in before weathering action begins. Inspect the paintwork immediately after the vehicle has been washed.

Underbonnet cleaning

Underbonnet cleaning using high pressure hoses or steam cleaners should be done by a Jaguar Dealer. Indiscriminate use of cleaning equipment could damage or contaminate the electronic control modules and fuse boxes.

Care of alloy road wheels

The alloy road wheels are covered with a protective anti-corrosion coating. To prevent corrosion it is essential that this coating is not damaged.

When removing or fitting tyres always advise the tyre fitter to treat the alloy wheels with great care and to only use equipment with spigot or stud hole clamping. The equipment must not have any moving parts which contact the wheel, and tyre levers must not be used.

Wash the wheels with soap and water at two week intervals to avoid an accumulation of particles which could become embedded in the wheel surface. In salty conditions the wheels should be cleaned weekly.

In compliance with German Road Traffic Law the size of the wheel rims is stamped or cast on all wheels.

Electrical accessories



WARNING:

Alterations to the electrical system, including the fitting of accessories not designed for this Jaguar, will cause damage to the electrical circuits and systems. In some circumstances this could result in a malfunction or fire. All accessory work should be entrusted to a Jaguar Dealer.

The cigar lighter sockets can be used for plug-in accessories which are only temporarily connected to the vehicle (for example, a car vacuum cleaner).

Caution:

- 1. Under no circumstances must the power supply be obtained directly from either battery terminal.**
- 2. The use of non-approved accessories can reduce the battery capacity and charge period to an unacceptable level, therefore, Jaguar cannot accept any liability for the fitment of any such item.**

Earth points

If an accessory needs to be connected to an earth point, consult a Jaguar Dealer.

Caution: Under no circumstances must holes be drilled in the bodywork to accept earth terminals.